

Material Safety Data Sheet

SUPERMEND HARDENER

1. Product and company identification

Product name : SUPERMEND HARDENER

Supplier : Eclectic Products Inc.

1075 Arrowsmith Eugene, OR 97402 541-484-9621

Material uses : Consumer products: Consumer product.

Manufacturer : Eclectic Products Inc.

1075 Arrowsmith Eugene, OR 97402 541-484-9621

 Code
 : 1085331

 Validation date
 : 11/6/2013.

 Print date
 : 11/6/2013.

Responsible name : Regulatory Compliance

In case of emergency : CALL INFOTRAC

1-800-535-5053 or 001-352-323-3500

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid. [Paste.]

Emergency overview : MANGER!

₹AUSES EYE AND SKIN BURNS. CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. MAY BE HARMFUL IF ABSORBED THROUGH SKIN OR IF SWALLOWED.

Corrosive to eyes and skin. Causes burns. May be harmful if absorbed through skin or if swallowed. Severely irritating to the respiratory system. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Severely irritating to the respiratory system. Exposure to decomposition products may

cause a health hazard. Serious effects may be delayed following exposure.

Ingestion : Harmful if swallowed. May cause burns to mouth, throat and stomach.

Skin : Corrosive to the skin. Causes burns. Harmful in contact with skin. May cause

sensitization by skin contact.

Eyes : Corrosive to eyes. Causes burns.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects: Ønce sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: skin.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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2. Hazards identification

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

Skin: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Eyes: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Fre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	<u>%</u>
Nonyl Phenol	84852-15-3	10-30
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	140-31-8	10-30
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	<1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

Notes to physician

: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known.

metal oxide/oxides

Special exposure hazards

: Fromptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Noid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

Evit on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

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7. Handling and storage

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Exposure controls/personal protection 8.

Product name

rystalline Silica

Exposure limits

OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005).

TWA: 250 MPPCF / (%SiO2+5) 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable TWA: 10 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable TWA: 30 MG/M3 / (%SiO2+2) 8 hour(s). Form: Total dust.

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as quartz) 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction

NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).

TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). Form: respirable dust

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eyes

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Precautions to be taken in use:

: This product may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates, which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. Wear a dust/mist respirator approved for dust when dusts are generated from sanding or abrading the dried film.

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9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid. [Paste.]

Flash point : Open cup: 137.78°C (280°F)

Color : White.

Odor : Not available.

Boiling/condensation point : 304.44°C (580°F)

Specific gravity : 1.53

Estimated Vapor Density : >1 [Air = 1]

VOC % : 0.6211%

Evaporation rate : (butyl acetate = 1)

Solubility : Partially soluble in the following materials: water.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability: The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Materials to avoid : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition : Unde

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Conditions of reactivity : Fammable in the presence of the following materials or conditions: heat.

11. Toxicological information

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Nonyl Phenol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1882 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Dermal	Rabbit	3160 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	10 mg/kg	-
N-Aminoethylpiperazine	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	880 uL/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2140 uL/kg	-
Crystalline Silica	LDLo	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal			
	LDLo	Rat	>200 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal			
	LDLo Intravenous	Rat	90 mg/kg	-
	TDLo	Rat	150 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal			
	TDLo	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal	_		
	TDLo	Rat	50 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal			
	TDLo	Rat	30 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal			
	TDLo	Rat	25 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal			
	TDLo	Rat	15.69 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal	5.	40 "	
	TDLo	Rat	10 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal	Б.	- "	
	TDLo	Rat	5 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal	Б.	4.5 (1	
	TDLo	Rat	1.5 mg/kg	-
	Intratracheal	D-4	A //	
	TDLo	Rat	1 mg/kg	-

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11. Toxicological information

Intratracheal

TDLo Rat 1250 ug/kg

Intratracheal **TDLo Oral**

120 g/kg Rat

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Limestone and natural iron oxide used in making this product contain crystaline silica as an impurity. Repeated, prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline dusts may increase the risk of developing a disabling lung disease called silicosis. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) reports there is sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogencity of inhaled crystalline silica from occupational sources. Based on studies of workers in industrial and occupational settings, The National Toxicology Program (NTP) Ninth Report on Carcinogens lists crystalline silica (respirable) as a substance known to be a carcinogen to humans.

Classification

Product/ingredient name ACGIH EPA NIOSH NTP OSHA IARC Crystalline Silica A2 Proven.

IDLH : Not available. : Not available. Synergistic products

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects : Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Aquatic ecotoxicity				
Product/ingredient name Monyl Phenol	Test -	Result Acute EC50 0.41 mg/L Fresh water	Species Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Exposure 96 hours
	-	Acute EC50 0.33 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	72 hours
	-	Acute EC50 0.03 mg/L Marine water	Algae - ek0:83n0:7pt - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	-	Acute EC50 0.029 mg/L Marine water	Algae - ek0:83n0:7pt - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	-	Acute EC50 0.027 mg/L Marine water	Algae - ek0:83n0:7pt - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	-	Acute EC50 137 ug/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipod - Eohaustorius estuarius - Adult	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 >0.047 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Opossum shrimp - Americamysis bahia - Juvenile (Fledgling,	48 hours

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Hatchling,

12 . Ecological information

-	Acute LC50 142 ug/L Marine water	Weanling) - <24 hours Fish - Sheepshead minnow - Cyprinodon variegatus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 138.25 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - 4 weeks	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 135.1 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Bluegill - Lepomis macrochirus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - 4 weeks	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 70 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Inland silverside - Menidia beryllina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 17 ug/L Marine water	Fish - Winter flounder - Pleuronectes americanus - Larvae - 2 days	96 hours
-	Chronic NOEC 30 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Zebra danio - Danio rerio - Fry - 2 days es0:a56s:7pt	160 days
-	Chronic NOEC 23 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Embryo - <24 hours	33 days
-	Chronic NOEC 7.4 ug/L Fresh water	Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Embryo - <24 hours	33 days
-	Chronic erd:i44c:7pt 0.12 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella	96 hours

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12. Ecological information

subcapitata Chronic Algae -72 hours erd:i44c:7pt 0.013 ek0:83n0:7pt mg/L Marine Skeletonema water costatum Chronic Algae -96 hours erd:i44c:7pt 0.012 ek0:83n0:7pt mg/L Marine Skeletonema water costatum Fish - Fathead Acute LC50 96 hours 2190000 ug/L minnow -Fresh water **Pimephales** promelas - 31 days - 21 mm -

0.147 g

N-Aminoethylpiperazine

Conclusion/Summary Biodegradability : Not available.

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Significant quantities of waste product residues should not be disposed of via the foul sewer but processed in a suitable effluent treatment plant. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	1 760	©ORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Nonyl Phenol, N- Aminoethylpiperazine). Marine pollutant (Nonyl Phenol)		III .	CORRESPONDING TO THE PARTY OF T	<u>Limited quantity</u> Yes.
TDG Classification	1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Aliphatic amine., Nonyl Phenol)	8	III		-

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SUPERMEND HARDENER

14. Transport information

IMDG Class	1760	CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Nonyl Phenol, Aliphatic amine.). Marine pollutant (Nonyl Phenol)	III	¥2	Emergency schedules (EmS) F-A, S-B Remarks Limited quantity
IATA-DGR Class	17 60	©ORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S. (Nonyl Phenol, N- Aminoethylpiperazine)	IM .	¥2	-

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(b) inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 311/312 - Acute, Chronic

California Prop. 65

MARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

<u>Ingredient name</u> <u>Cancer</u> <u>Reproductive</u>

∑rystalline Silica Yes. No.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : ☑ ass D-1B: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Toxic).

Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic). Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Class E: Corrosive material

Canada inventory : MI components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Mexico

Classification :



EU regulations

Hazard symbol or symbols



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SUPERMEND HARDENER

15. Regulatory information

Risk phrases : R61- May cause harm to the unborn child.

R62- Possible risk of impaired fertility.

R22- Also harmful if swallowed.

R34- Causes burns.

R43- May cause sensitization by skin contact.

R50/53- Very toxic to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the

aquatic environment.

Safety phrases: \$53- Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

S2- Keep out of the reach of children.

S26- In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek

medical advice.

S29- Do not empty into drains.

S36/37/39- Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye/face protection.

S45- In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the

label where possible)

S61- Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheet.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

EU Inventory : Not determined.

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



Date of printing : 11/6/2013.

Date of issue : 11/6/2013.

Date of previous issue : 3/4/2011.

Version : 1.05

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

11/6/2013.

SUPERMEND HARDENER

16. Other information

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

11/6/2013.



Material Safety Data Sheet

SUPERMEND RESIN

1. Product and company identification

Product name : SUPERMEND RESIN
Supplier : Eclectic Products Inc.

1075 Arrowsmith Eugene, OR 97402 541-484-9621

Material uses : Consumer products: Consumer product.

Manufacturer : Eclectic Products Inc.

1075 Arrowsmith Eugene, OR 97402 541-484-9621

 Code
 : 1085330

 Validation date
 : 8/18/2013.

 Print date
 : 8/18/2013.

Responsible name : Regulatory Compliance

In case of emergency : CALL INFOTRAC

1-800-535-5053 or 001-352-323-3500

2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Liquid.

Emergency overview : WARNING!

CAUSES RESPIRATORY TRACT, EYE AND SKIN IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE

ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.

Irritating to eyes, respiratory system and skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not get on skin or clothing. Avoid contact with eyes. Use only with adequate ventilation. Keep container tightly closed and

sealed until ready for use. Wash thoroughly after handling.

Routes of entry : Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation.

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation: Irritating to respiratory system.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin : Irritating to skin. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Eyes : Irritating to eyes.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Solve the control of the control

Target organs : Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: lungs, upper

respiratory tract, skin.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

Ingestion : No specific data.

8/18/2013.

SUPERMEND RESIN

2. Hazards identification

Skin

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Eves

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing skin disorders may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

<u>Name</u>	<u>CAS number</u>	<u>%</u>
Bisphenol A/Epichlorohydrin Epoxy Resin	Mixture	30-60
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	1-5
Crystalline Silica	14808-60-7	<1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.

Skin contact

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation

: Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Notes to physician

: No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Hazardous combustion products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Product name

Titanium Dioxide

Exposure limits

OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).

TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Total dust **OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).** TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Total dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). Notes: Substance identified by other sources as a suspected or confirmed human carcinogen. 1996 Adoption Substances for which the TLV is higher than the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) and/or the NIOSH Recommended Exposure Limit (REL). See CFR 58(124):36338-33351, June 30, 1993, for revised OSHA PEL. Refers to Appendix A

- Carcinogens.

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8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Crystalline Silica

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 10/(SiO2+2)

TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable

OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 250/(%SiO2+5)

TWA: 250 mppcf 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as quartz TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as quartz) 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable dust

ACGIH TLV (United States, 2/2010). Notes: Respirable fraction; see

Appendix C, paragraph C.

TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Respirable fraction OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 9/2005). Notes: 30/(%SiO2+2)

TWA: 30 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). Form: Total dust.

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009). Notes: See Appendix A - NIOSH

Potential Occupational Carcinogen

TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hour(s). Form: respirable dust

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment.

Engineering measures

: Use only with adequate ventilation. If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection

Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

Eyes

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

<u>Precautions to be taken in</u> use:

: This product may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates, which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. Wear a dust/mist respirator approved for dust when dusts are generated from sanding or abrading the dried film.

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9. Physical and chemical properties

: Liquid. **Physical state**

Flash point : Open cup: >93.333°C (>200°F)

Color : White.

Odor : Not available. : 182.22°C (360°F) **Boiling/condensation point**

Specific gravity

Estimated Vapor Density : >1 [Air = 1] VOC % : 0.2545%

: >1 (butyl acetate = 1) **Evaporation rate**

Solubility : Partially soluble in the following materials: water.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stability : The product is stable.

Conditions to avoid No specific data. **Materials to avoid** No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Hazardous polymerization : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

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Acute toxicity				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Titanium Dioxide	LD Intratracheal	Rat	>100 ug/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	5 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	1.6 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	1.25 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Oral	Rat	60 g/kg	-
Crystalline Silica	LDLo Intratracheal	Rat	250 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Intratracheal	Rat	>200 mg/kg	-
	LDLo Intravenous	Rat	90 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	150 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	100 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	50 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	30 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	25 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	15.69 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	10 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	5 mg/kg	-
	TDLo Intratracheal	Rat	1.5 mg/kg	-
		_		

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Rat

1 mg/kg

TDLo

11. Toxicological information

Intratracheal

TDLo Rat 1250 ug/kg - Intratracheal

TDLo Oral Rat 120 g/kg -

Carcinogenicity Conclusion/Summary

Limestone and natural iron oxide used in making this product contain crystaline silica as an impurity. Repeated, prolonged exposure to respirable crystalline dusts may increase the risk of developing a disabling lung disease called silicosis. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) reports there is sufficient evidence in humans for the carcinogencity of inhaled crystalline silica from occupational sources. Based on studies of workers in industrial and occupational settings, The National Toxicology Program (NTP) Ninth Report on Carcinogens lists crystalline silica (respirable) as a substance known to be a carcinogen to humans.

The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Monograph No. 93 reports there is sufficient evidence in experimental animals exposed to titanium dioxide but inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity in humans. Human studies do not suggest an association between occupational exposure to titanium dioxide dust and an increased risk of cancer. The IARC summary concludes, "that no significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium dioxide is bound to other materials, such as paint".

Classification

Product/ingredient nameACGIHIARCEPANIOSHNTPOSHATitanium Dioxide-2B-+--Crystalline SilicaA21-+Proven.-

IDLH : Not available.

Synergistic products : Not available.

12. Ecological information

Environmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

Aquatic ecotoxicity				
Product/ingredient name Titanium Dioxide	Test -	Result Acute EC50 35.9 mg/L Fresh water	Species Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	Exposure 72 hours
	-	Acute EC50 5.83 mg/L Fresh water	Algae - Green algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	-	Acute EC50 >1000000 ug/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - <24 hours	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 >10 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia pulex - Adult	48 hours
	-	Acute LC50 >10 mg/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Water flea - Ceriodaphnia	48 hours

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dubia - Neonate -

12. Ecological information

<24 hours Acute LC50 5.5 Daphnia - Water

flea - Daphnia ppm Fresh water

magna - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) - <24

hours

Acute LC50 >1000000 ug/L Marine water

Fish -Mummichog -**Fundulus**

heteroclitus

Chronic NOEC 95 Algae - Green

72 hours

96 hours

48 hours

mg/L Fresh water algae -

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata -

Exponential growth phase

Chronic NOEC

Algae - Green algae -

72 hours

72 hours

10.1 mg/L Fresh water

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata -Exponential growth phase

Chronic NOEC 0.984 mg/L Fresh water

Algae - Green algae -

Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata -

Exponential growth phase

Conclusion/Summary Biodegradability

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Disposal of this product, solutions and any byproducts should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

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14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG* : Packing group

15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(b) inventory. All components are listed or exempted.

SARA 311/312 - Acute, Chronic

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer. The California listing of titanium dioxide as a carcinogen is qualified as "airborne, unbound particles of respirable size". Warning is not required for products which cannot become airborne and titanium dioxide remains bound in a product matrix such as paint, plastics and paper. The California listing of silica, crystalline as a carcinogen is qualified as "airborne particles of respirable size".

Ingredient name Cancer Reproductive

Titanium Dioxide Yes. No. Crystalline Silica Yes. No.

Canada

WHMIS (Canada) : Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

Class D-2B: Material causing other toxic effects (Toxic).

Canada inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the MSDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

Mexico

Classification :



EU regulations

Risk phrases : This product is not classified according to EU legislation.

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

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SUPERMEND RESIN

15. Regulatory information

EU Inventory: Not determined.

16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

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